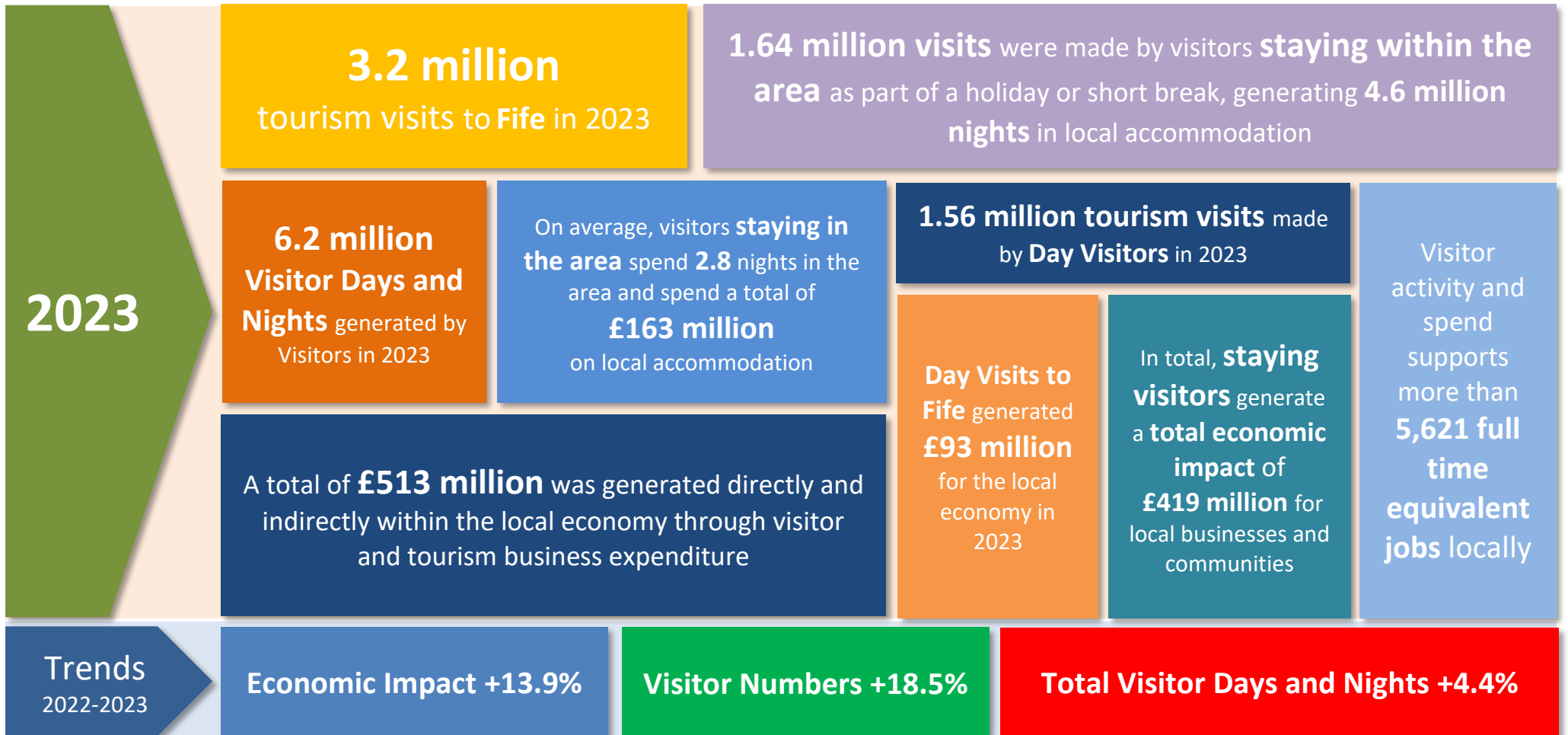


## The Visitor Economy of Fife

This is a summary of the annual tourism economic impact research undertaken for Fife Council for the calendar years 2012-2023. Outputs in this report have been generated using STEAM, the tourism specific economic impact model, owned and operated by Global Tourism Solutions (UK) Ltd.

COVID-19  
Pandemic

Some STEAM outputs for 2023 remain below the level of usual economic outputs for the area, due to the residual effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on business and consumer activity. Comparisons have been made to show performance levels against a pre-COVID-19 baselines.



# 2023

## Visitor Types

**Staying Visitors** encompass all tourists staying overnight for at least one night in one of the following types of accommodation:

- **Serviced Accommodation** - including Hotels, Guest Houses, B&Bs, Inns
- **Non-Serviced Accommodation** – including Self-Catering properties such as Houses, Cottages, Chalets and Flats, as well as Camping and Caravanning, Hostels and University / College accommodation
- **Staying with Friends and Relatives (SFR)** – unpaid overnight accommodation with local residents

**Day Visitors** visiting the area on a non-routine and non-regular leisure day trip from a home or holiday base

**Staying Visitors**

**51%** of Visits

**Day Visitors**

**49%** of Visits

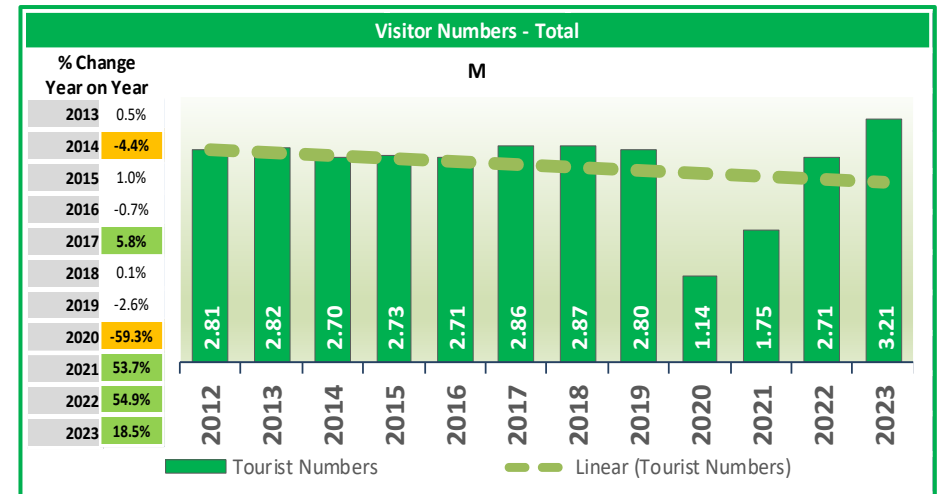
**Total Visitor Numbers**  
**3.2m**

## Visitor Numbers

There were an estimated 3.2m tourism visits to Fife in 2023, up by 18.5% from the previous year, and also up 14.7% from estimated pre-covid levels reported in 2019, mainly due to an increase in serviced accommodation visitor numbers.

In 2023, 1.64m visitors stayed in some sort of accommodation within the area. This sector saw an increase of 27.6% when compared to the previous year and is now 31.5% above pre-covid levels. The serviced accommodation sector, primarily comprised of hotels, guest houses and B&Bs, saw a large increase of 52.0% over the last year and is now well above

2019 pre-covid levels by 56.0%. The larger non-serviced accommodation sector continues to recover steadily and is up by 10.5% on the previous year and is now 10.9% above 2019 pre-covid levels. These increases have had a positive knock-on effect on total numbers as a whole, as staying visitors represent 51% of visitor numbers to the area. Day visitors throughout many locations in the UK are still well below pre-covid levels, especially in rural and semi-rural locations, so it is very encouraging to see that day visitors were up by 10.2% on the previous year, they are now 1.2% above pre-covid estimates for the first time.



### Key Figures: Visitor Numbers 2023

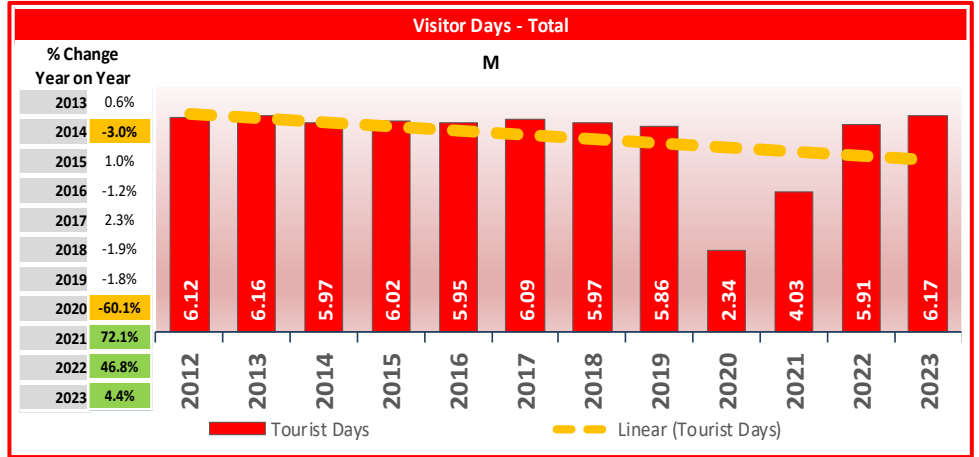
Visitor Numbers		Serviced	Non-Serviced	SFR	All Staying Visitors	Day Visitors	All Visitors
<b>2023 (Millions)</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>0.906</b>	<b>0.222</b>	<b>0.516</b>	<b>1.644</b>	<b>1.562</b>	<b>3.207</b>
2022 (Millions)	M	0.596	0.201	0.491	1.288	1.417	2.706
<b>Change 22/23 (%)</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>+52.0</b>	<b>+10.5</b>	<b>+5.0</b>	<b>+27.6</b>	<b>+10.2</b>	<b>+18.5</b>
Share of Total (%)	%	28.3	6.9	16.1	51.3	48.7	100.0

**Total  
Visitor  
Days  
6.2m**

## Visitor Days

Visitors spent an estimated 6.2m days in Fife during 2023. Visitor days take into account multiple stays. For example, if a family of five stay three nights, they will not only account for five visitors, but also fifteen visitor days. On average, staying visitors to the area stay 2.8 days.

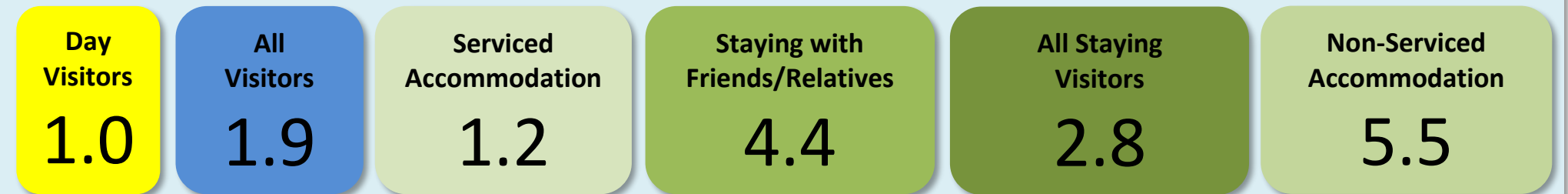
Total staying visitors accounted for 4.6m visitor days in 2023, an increase of 2.5% on the previous year, and now 6.7% above 2019 pre-covid levels. The serviced accommodation sector increased slightly by 0.9% when compared to 2022 and is now just 3.1% above pre-covid figures reported in 2019. The larger non-serviced accommodation sector is up by 2.8% on the previous year, but as with serviced accommodation, is now above pre-covid 2019 levels, by 7.7%, which points to the serviced sector recovering slightly behind the non-serviced sector, but performing very well over the past year. As mentioned before, day visitors to Fife are up by 10.2% on the previous year and at 1.2% above pre-covid levels, they are bucking the slow recovery trend typically seen across the UK.



### Key Figures: Visitor Days 2023

Visitor Days		Serviced	Non-Serviced	SFR	All Staying Visitors	Day Visitors	All Visitors
2023 (Millions)	M	1.115	1.212	2.279	4.607	1.562	6.169
2022 (Millions)	M	1.105	1.179	2.210	4.494	1.417	5.911
Change 22/23 (%)	%	+0.9	+2.8	+3.2	+2.5	+10.2	+4.4
Share of Total (%)	%	18.1	19.7	36.9	74.7	25.3	100.0

### Average Length of Stay for Different Visitor Types: 2023



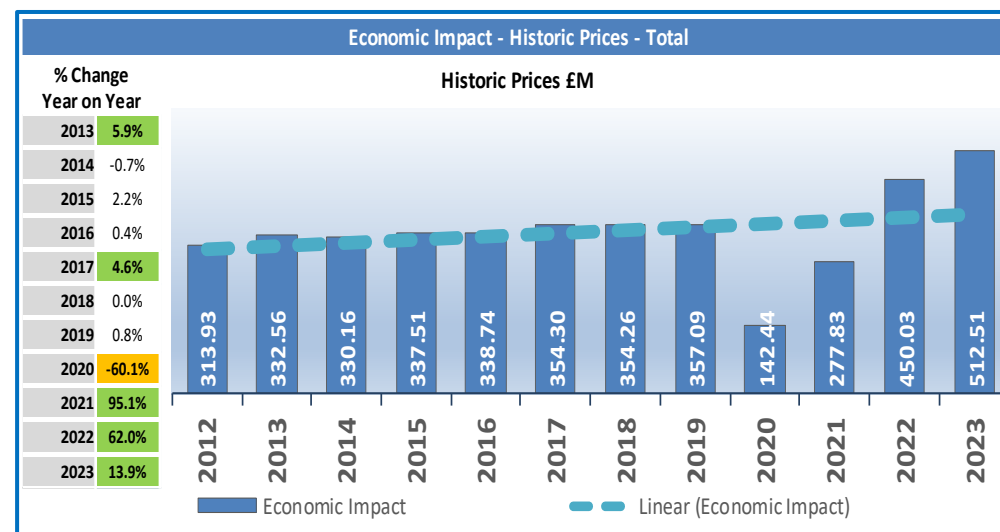
**Total  
Economic  
Impact  
£513m**

## Economic Impact

The value of tourism activity in Fife was estimated to be £513m in 2023, up by 13.9% on the previous year, and up by 43.5% when compared to pre-covid levels.

The total *direct* economic impact comprises the expenditure of visitors on goods and services, totalling £375m. Further to this, indirect and induced economic effects of local businesses and residents spending tourism revenues locally, were estimated to account for a further £138m, together totalling £513m. The

largest visitor spending sector was Accommodation (£163m), then Food & Drink (£79m), followed by Transport (£71m). The economic impact of the serviced sector was up 10.1% on the previous year and is now 44.6% up on estimated 2019 pre-covid levels. The larger non-serviced accommodation sector, comprising self-catering and some caravan, camping and touring sites, was up by 15.5% on 2022, and since 2019 has increased by 69.1%. In terms of comparison, the non-serviced sector has almost twice the number bedspaces of the serviced sector, but has less than half the economic impact. Day visitor economic impact is up 24.6% on the previous year, and is now 28.8% above 2019 pre-covid levels, and has slightly less the economic impact than the non-serviced sector does.



- Accommodation:** Payments for overnight stays in accommodation, such as room rates, pitch fees and hire charges for non-serviced accommodation
- Recreation:** Covering expenditure on a wide range of leisure activities such as museum, event, concert / theatre and attractions attendance as well as sports participation and spectating.
- Transport:** Expenditure within the destination on travel, including fuel and public transport tickets
- Food and Drink:** Spend on eating and drinking at restaurants, cafes and other venues, takeaway food, snacks and groceries
- Shopping:** What visitors spend on items including clothing / jewellery, household items, music / films / games, gifts and smaller items, books and maps, plants and garden items
- Indirect:** The expenditure by local tourism businesses within the local supply chain

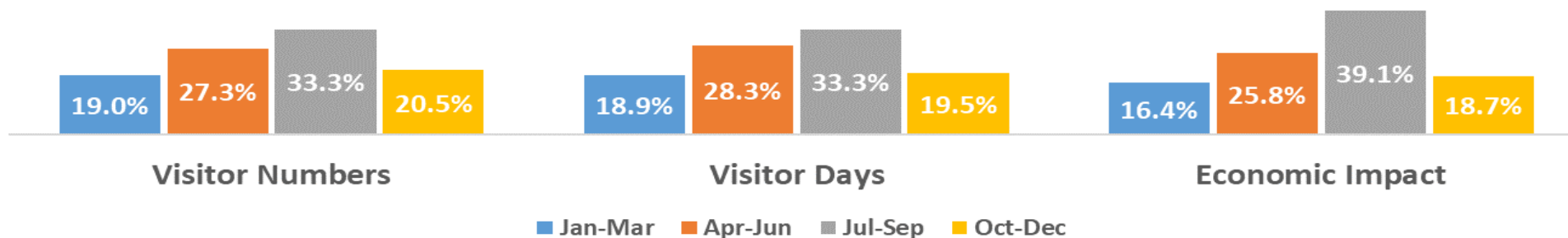
## Key Figures: Economic Impact 2023

Economic Impact		Serviced	Non-Serviced	SFR	All Staying Visitors	Day Visitors	All Visitors
2023 (£ Millions)	£M	234.147	106.070	79.221	419.438	93.072	512.510
2022 (£ Millions)	£M	212.680	91.851	70.818	375.349	74.683	450.032
Change 22/23 (%)	%	+10.1	+15.5	+11.9	+11.7	+24.6	+13.9
Share of Total (%)	%	45.7	20.7	15.5	81.8	18.2	100.0

### Average Economic Impact Generated by Each Type of Visitor: 2023

Economic Impact	Serviced	Non-Serviced	SFR	All Staying Visitors	Day Visitors	All Visitors
Economic Impact per Day	£ 210.04	£ 87.49	£ 34.76	£ 91.05	£ 59.57	£ 83.08
Economic Impact per Visit	£ 258.32	£ 477.88	£ 153.56	£ 255.09	£ 59.57	£ 159.83

### Seasonal Distribution of Key Visitor Metrics: 2023



**Total  
FTEs  
Supported  
5,621**

### Employment Supported by Tourism

The expenditure and activity of visitors to Fife supported a total of 5,621 Full-Time Equivalent jobs (FTEs) in 2023; an increase of 1.5% on the year before, and now 2.4% above 2019 pre-covid levels.

Total employment includes the jobs generated by the expenditure of visitors on goods and services, totalling 4,031 FTEs, and the *indirect* and *induced* employment supported through local businesses and residents spending tourism revenues locally, accounting for a further 5,621 FTEs. The Accommodation sector is the largest employment sector supported by tourism activity, accounting for an estimated 1,594 FTEs, followed by Food & Drink at 958 FTEs, just ahead of Transport at 741 FTEs.

### Employment Supported by Tourism: Full-Time Equivalents (FTEs) by Type 2023

Employment Supported by Sector 2023	Direct Visitor Employment						Indirect and Induced	Total
	Accommodation	Food & Drink	Recreation	Shopping	Transport	Total Direct		
Totals	1,594	958	311	426	741	4,031	1,590	5,621

# STEAM Comparative Headlines: 2022 and 2023

STEAM REPORT FOR 2012-2023 - FINAL										Comparing 2023 and 2022			COMPARATIVE HEADLINES								
FIFE COUNCIL										All £'s Historic Prices											
KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS BY TYPE OF VISITOR - COMPARING 2023 & 2022 - IN HISTORIC PRICES																					
KEY	Staying in Paid Accommodation						Staying with Friends and Relatives (SFR)			All Staying Visitors			Day Visitors			All Visitor Types					
	Serviced			Non-Serviced																	
	2023	2022	+/- %	2023	2022	+/- %	2023	2022	+/- %	2023	2022	+/- %	2023	2022	+/- %	2023	2022	+/- %			
<b>Visitor Days</b>	M	1.115	1.105	0.9%	1.21	1.18	2.8%	2.28	2.21	3.2%	4.61	4.49	2.5%	1.56	1.42	10.2%	6.17	5.91	4.4%		
<b>Visitor Numbers</b>	M	0.906	0.596	52.0%	0.22	0.20	10.5%	0.52	0.49	5.0%	1.64	1.29	27.6%	1.56	1.42	10.2%	3.21	2.71	18.5%		
<b>Direct Expenditure</b>	£M																375.00	329.98	13.6%		
<b>Economic Impact</b>	£M	234.15	212.68	10.1%	106.07	91.85	15.5%	79.22	70.82	11.9%	419.44	375.35	11.7%	93.07	74.68	24.6%	512.51	450.03	13.9%		
<b>Direct Employment</b>	FTEs	1,708	1,712	-0.2%	913	905	1.0%	651	660	-1.3%	3,273	3,276	-0.1%	759	690	9.9%	4,031	3,967	1.6%		
<b>Total Employment</b>	FTEs																5,621	5,541	1.5%		
PERCENTAGE CHANGE BY VISITOR TYPE AND PERFORMANCE MEASURE - COMPARING 2023 & 2022 - IN HISTORIC PRICES																					
KEY	Serviced			Non-Serviced			SFR			All Staying Visitors			Day Visitors			All Visitor Types					
<b>Visitor Days</b>	60.0%	52.0%	10.1%	20.0%	10.5%	15.5%	15.0%	3.2%	5.0%	11.9%	30.0%	27.6%	11.7%	30.0%	10.2%	10.2%	24.6%	9.9%	20.0%	18.5%	13.9%
<b>Visitor Numbers</b>	40.0%	52.0%	10.1%	20.0%	10.5%	15.5%	15.0%	3.2%	5.0%	11.9%	30.0%	27.6%	11.7%	30.0%	10.2%	10.2%	24.6%	9.9%	20.0%	18.5%	13.9%
<b>Total Economic Impact</b>	20.0%	0.9%	10.1%	20.0%	10.5%	15.5%	15.0%	3.2%	5.0%	11.9%	30.0%	27.6%	11.7%	30.0%	10.2%	10.2%	24.6%	9.9%	20.0%	18.5%	13.9%
<b>Direct Employment</b>	-20.0%	0.9%	-0.2%	20.0%	10.5%	1.0%	15.0%	3.2%	5.0%	-1.3%	30.0%	27.6%	-0.1%	30.0%	10.2%	10.2%	24.6%	9.9%	20.0%	18.5%	1.6%
Sectoral Distribution of Economic Impact - £M including VAT in Historic Prices																					
	2023	2022	+/- %	Sectors					2023	2022	+/- %	Sectors									
<b>Accommodation</b>	163.14	147.71	10.4%	Accommodation	1,594	1,590	0.3%	Accommodation	1,594	1,590	0.3%	Accommodation	39.5%								
<b>Food &amp; Drink</b>	78.81	67.44	16.8%	Food & Drink	958	930	3.0%	Food & Drink	958	930	3.0%	Food & Drink	23.8%								
<b>Recreation</b>	25.72	22.64	13.6%	Recreation	311	311	0.2%	Recreation	311	311	0.2%	Recreation	7.7%								
<b>Shopping</b>	36.33	30.54	18.9%	Shopping	426	406	4.9%	Shopping	426	406	4.9%	Shopping	10.6%								
<b>Transport</b>	71.00	61.64	15.2%	Transport	741	730	1.6%	Transport	741	730	1.6%	Transport	18.4%								
<b>TOTAL DIRECT</b>	375.00	329.98	13.6%	TOTAL DIRECT	4,031	3,967	1.6%	TOTAL DIRECT	4,031	3,967	1.6%	TOTAL DIRECT	39.5%								
<b>Indirect</b>	137.51	120.05	14.5%	Indirect	1,590	1,574	1.0%	Indirect	1,590	1,574	1.0%	Indirect	10.6%								
<b>TOTAL</b>	512.51	450.03	13.9%	TOTAL	5,621	5,541	1.5%	TOTAL	5,621	5,541	1.5%	TOTAL	7.7%								
Sectoral Distribution of Employment - FTEs																					
	2023	2022	+/- %	Sectors					2023	2022	+/- %	Sectors									
<b>Accommodation</b>	1,594	1,590	0.3%	Accommodation	1,594	1,590	0.3%	Accommodation	1,594	1,590	0.3%	Accommodation	39.5%								
<b>Food &amp; Drink</b>	958	930	3.0%	Food & Drink	958	930	3.0%	Food & Drink	958	930	3.0%	Food & Drink	23.8%								
<b>Recreation</b>	311	311	0.2%	Recreation	311	311	0.2%	Recreation	311	311	0.2%	Recreation	7.7%								
<b>Shopping</b>	426	406	4.9%	Shopping	426	406	4.9%	Shopping	426	406	4.9%	Shopping	10.6%								
<b>Transport</b>	741	730	1.6%	Transport	741	730	1.6%	Transport	741	730	1.6%	Transport	18.4%								
<b>TOTAL DIRECT</b>	4,031	3,967	1.6%	TOTAL DIRECT	4,031	3,967	1.6%	TOTAL DIRECT	4,031	3,967	1.6%	TOTAL DIRECT	39.5%								
<b>Indirect</b>	1,590	1,574	1.0%	Indirect	1,590	1,574	1.0%	Indirect	1,590	1,574	1.0%	Indirect	10.6%								
<b>TOTAL</b>	5,621	5,541	1.5%	TOTAL	5,621	5,541	1.5%	TOTAL	5,621	5,541	1.5%	TOTAL	7.7%								

# STEAM Comparative Headlines: 2019 and 2023 Covid Recovery (Unindexed)

